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American State Reports and Lawyers' Reports Annotated are cited.

It is to be hoped that the aim of the editor, "to include all for which a lawyer would naturally examine books on evidence, and to exclude all for which he would more naturally turn to others," will be as carefully carried out in the preparation of the remaining volumes.

C. D. L.

Cases on Criminal Law. By Jerome C. Knowlton, Marshall Professor of Law in the University of Michigan. Callaghan & Co., Chicago. 1902. Buckram, pp. 397.

This work is a collection of illustrative cases on criminal law, doubtless those in use in Prof. Knowlton's own class-room. While in no particular is it a case text-book, and probably was not intended as such, yet the cases are topically arranged in text-book fashion, in chapters and sub-divisions, enabling one to get at the contents easily. The cases themselves seem to have been carefully selected and fairly well cover the subject.

To how large a number the book will be useful, is somewhat of a question. To those coming under Prof. Knowlton's instruction, for whom presumably it is primarily intended, it will be both convenient and valuable. But it is essentially a supplementary work and is not suited for independent use by the student, nor is it sufficiently complete to be of service to the practitioner. Again, the limited number of cases, seldom more than one upon a single topic, and the absence of any notes or citations, will hardly commend the work to professors elsewhere. Books of this character can be so easily and cheaply produced today, that a work of so limited scope as the present is not likely to be widely adopted.

S. W. E.

Analytical Tables of the Law of Evidence. For use with Stephen's Digest of the Law of Evidence. By George M. Dallas, LL. D., Judge of the U. S. Circuit Court, and Henry Wolf Biklè, A. M., LL. B., Fellow in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania. T. & J. W. Johnson & Co., Philadelphia. 1903. Buckram, pp. 89.

This small volume contains a brief but comprehensive outline of the subject, compiled in a clear and logical order. It thus affords an aid to the memory of the student in retaining the rules as set forth by Stephen. Its usefulness, however, would appear to be limited to this purpose, for it is a bare enumeration without illustration and application, or the citation of cases, except in a very few notes. Whether the practitioner, who, of course, knows the elementary principles, will find the work of any value would seem at least doubtful.

J. H. S.